



## CC Art. 26

# Modes of Dissolution

## TITLE 02 — FAMILY LAW · CHAPTER 03 — DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE

- 1** A marriage registered under Kaharagian law is dissolved by:
  - a. The death of one of the spouses
  - b. A decree of presumption of death, in accordance with [Article 18](#)
  - c. Divorce, in accordance with [Article 27](#)
  - d. A declaration of nullity, in accordance with [Article 22](#).
- 2** Dissolution takes effect upon registration in the civil status register. The Royal Chancellery shall cause the dissolution to be recorded without delay.
- 3** The effects of dissolution upon the personal status of the spouses, upon their property, and upon their children are governed by this Chapter, by Chapter 2 (Matrimonial Property), Chapter 5 (Parental Authority and Custody), and Chapter 6 (Maintenance Obligations).

| DOCUMENT INFORMATION |   |
|----------------------|---|
| <b>CITATION</b>      | CC Art. 26 — “Modes of Dissolution”, <i>Civil Code of Kaharagia</i> (2026).                                 |
| <b>STATUS</b>        | In force  |
| <b>SOURCE</b>        | <a href="https://kahalex.kaharagia.org/article/civil/26">https://kahalex.kaharagia.org/article/civil/26</a> |